

Safari® INSECTICIDE

GLASSY-WINGED SHARPSHOOTER CONTROL



The glassy-winged sharpshooter (GWSS) vectors a devastating tree disease called bacterial leaf scorch. This pathogen infects liquid amber (sweetgum), oak, sycamore and ginkgo trees, causing browning, defoliation and eventually tree death. Safari® Insecticide is a super-systemic neonicotinoid that is quickly taken up by trees and provides excellent control of GWSS and many other pests. Plus, Safari stays at high levels in the tree for several months after application.

SAFARI DELIVERS

- Super-systemic activity = rapid uptake and long-lasting control
- Broad spectrum control - GWSS, armored & soft scale, leafminers mealybugs, whiteflies and many other pests
- Best-in-class performance on large and/or heavily infested trees
- Multiple GWSS application methods - foliar spray, soil drench and soil injection

APPLICATION INFORMATION

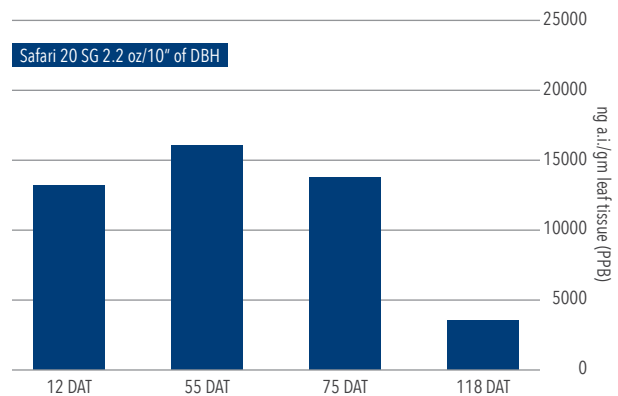
INSECT PEST	APPLICATION METHOD	APPLICATION RATE
Glassy-winged Sharpshooter	Foliar Spray	4-8 oz/100 gallons Spray to runoff
	Soil Drench or Soil Injection	Apply 2.1-4.2 oz per 10 inches of trunk diameter Soil drench water volume: apply 1-4 pints of solution per indbh Soil injection water volume: apply 1-32 fl oz of solution per idbh

1 oz Safari 20 SG=12 teaspoons, indbh=inches of trunk diameter at breast height

SAFARI = RAPID UPTAKE AND LONG-LASTING INSECT CONTROL

Safari Uptake (Soil Application)

Safari is quickly taken up by the tree and stays at high levels up to 118 DAT (days after treatment)



London plane tree in landscape (4" DBH), College Park, MD
Dr. Mike Raupp, Univ. Maryland
Application date, June 19 (soil drench); all rates are in grams of formulated product per inch of trunk diameter



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